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Ministria e Tregtisë dhe Industrisë-Ministarstvo Trgovine i Industrije-Ministry of Trade and Industry

TRADE EXCHANGES

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Prepared by:

Merita Fetahu, Trade Analyst

The data source in the light of Kosovo's external trade Report is the Kosovo Agency of Statistics. The data presented in this report include the total of exports and imports of Kosovo.

All 2014 data are preliminary.

Ministry of Trade and Industry

Muharrem Fejza.
n.n. Lagjja e Spitalit
10 000 Prishtine
Republic of Kosovo

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Introduction

The "Trade exchanges-2014" is an annual Report, which reflects the trends and analysis of Kosovo external trade key indicators, as well as the export potential of domestic producers to regional and international level.

Therefore, external trade trends provide a clear overview on the extent of economic development, therefore, performance analysis and volume of external trade is of a significant importance.

Tables and figures indicate the trends of trade exchange developments, its structure, domestic market supply dependency, quality and range of goods, etc.

Kosovo External Trade Developments

After a long period of crisis, the Kosovo society still faces a number of problems and difficulties to reach the current flows of international development, particularly in the economy field.

Thus, issues related to external trade of Kosovo, namely overall trade state of play provides an overview of the current economic situation, the extent of economic developments, also expressed by external trade indicators, therefore, performance analysis and external trade volume reveals the factual situation of domestic production sectors.

In the goods sector, the external trade balance is still negative followed year after year. Obstacles to the external trade sector developments such as: collapse of the private sector after the war, privatization process, foreign direct investment, performance of Kosovo companies, legal framework, etc., are the causes that had and will have impact on the unfavourable situation of the exports sector.

Considering that the external trade sector have a particular significance in economic development, trade policy is one of the key instruments of general economic policy.

Balance of trade in goods

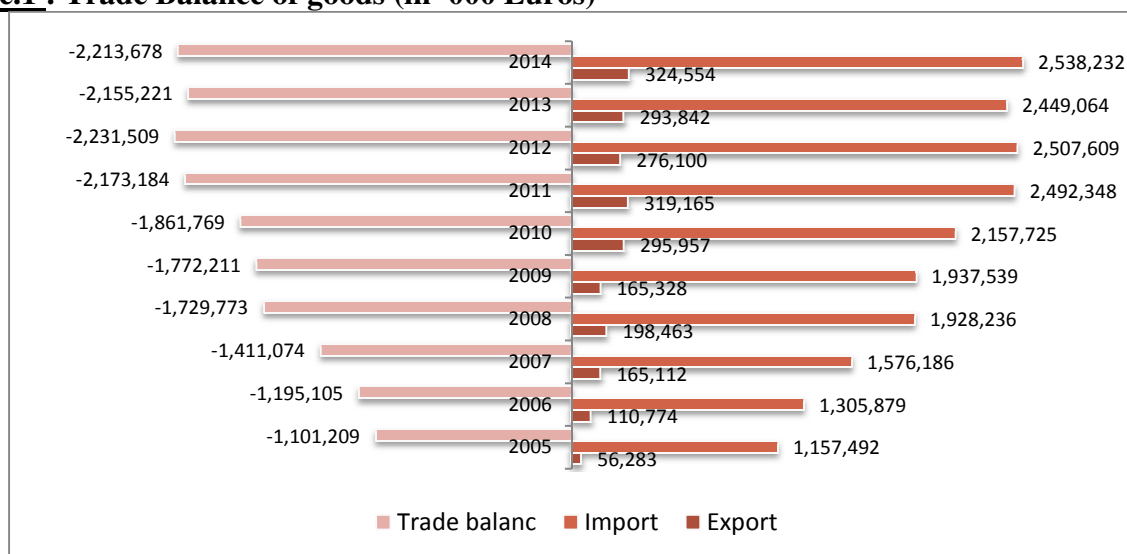
During 2014, trade balance of Kosovo is characterized with a high trade deficit. External trade of Kosovo amounted to €2.8 billion, an indicator which is 4% higher in comparison with previous year.

Exports of goods amounted to €324 million, marked an increase of 10% in comparison to 2013.

On the other hand, import of goods in 2014, amounted to €2.5 billion, marked a slower pace of average growth in recent years, at the same time an increase of 3.6%. Contribution of exports in the trade volume is almost at the same level, despite a slight increase in 2014. Import to export coverage ratio during previous years remained at 12% ('13) and 12.8% in 2014.

Figure 1. shows that Kosovo have high trade deficit in goods, with a continuous expansion, which made Kosovo to have a negative balance (see Figure 1).

Figure.1 : Trade Balance of goods (in '000 Euros)



Kosovo exports marked a considerable increase since '06, but with a decline in '09 and '12. Thus, in '09 exports marked a decline (16.6% compared to 2008) due to the economic crisis of '09. While the

developing countries were less affected by the global financial crisis in comparison to developed countries, many countries, including Kosovo, were not immune to this crisis, therefore they faced a decline in demands for placing products in the external markets.

Thus, the global economic crisis resulted in lower demand and lower prices in international markets, which affected the external trade of Kosovo. Prices that marked a decline are: metals, fuels and foods, categories which make up a significant part of Kosovo's external trade.

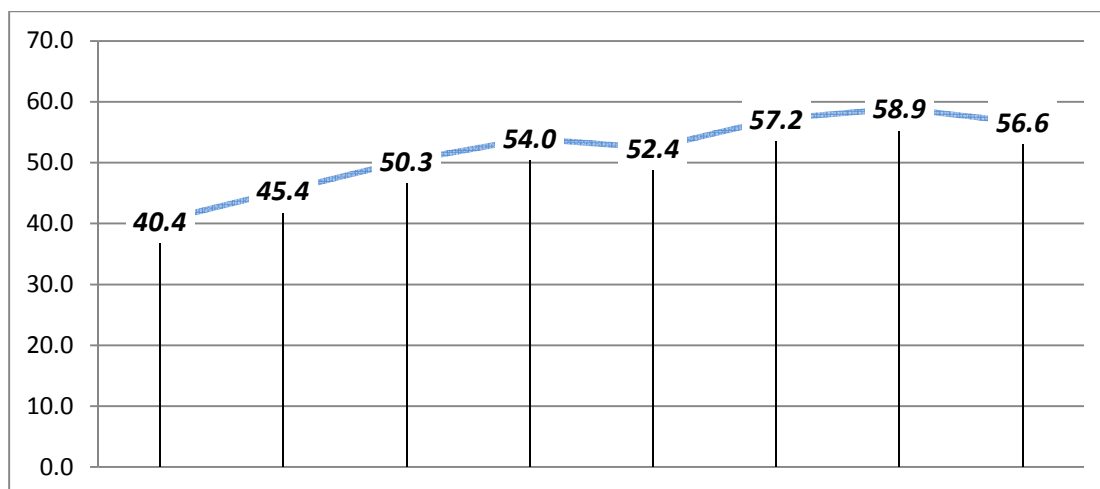
Trade Dependency Index

This Index measures the international trade ratio to total value of production (gross domestic product), otherwise called Openness Index since it gives an overview of the open scale of domestic trade to the international one.

The table below, Fig 2, shows how the continuous increase of trade between Kosovo and other countries, namely the increase in imports and exports has affected the scale of trade openness which has increased during recent years (from 40.4 percent in 2005 at 57.2 percent in 2010, 58.9 percent in 2011 and 56.6 percent in 2012). However, the import/export coverage continues to remain at a relatively low level (12.8 percent in 2014), not marking major change in comparison to the previous year.

$$\frac{\sum_s X_{ds} + \sum_s M_{sd}}{GDP_d} \times 100$$

Figure.2: Trade Dependency Index, 2005 – 2012, %



Exports Propensity Index

Indicates the general rely extent of domestic producers to external markets, which measure the share of exports in GDP; the ETI is similar to Trade Dependency Index, however it can be a good indicator of sensitivity to certain types of external shocks (e.g. change in export prices due to price changes in the international market or changes in exchange rates).

Export to GDP ratio, is defined as:

$$\frac{\sum_s X_{ds}}{GDP_d} \times 100$$

Figure.3: Export Trend Index



Kosovo External Trade by destination

Kosovo imports from over 130 countries worldwide, while Kosovo products have reached the markets of over 60 countries.

Trade with EU and regional countries members of CEFTA, constitutes the most important part of trade exchanges of Kosovo, with about 71% of the entire external trade.

Table. 1: Trade by groups of countries, %

Group/places	EXS/ IMP	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
BE	Export	41.7	29.3	38.8	38.2	42.6	47.8	43.1	44.5	43.0	38.4	39.4	30.2
	Import	28.4	39.9	38.0	34.8	35.2	36.2	39.0	38.3	38.0	38.7	41.3	42.6
CEFTA	Export	51.3	41.6	53.0	46.7	41.3	30.9	32.3	23.5	26.0	36.8	36.4	39.2
	Import	45.6	34.7	38.0	41.1	36.7	37.5	35.7	37.0	35.0	33.7	30.6	28.4
Other	Export	7.0	29.1	8.2	15.1	16.1	21.3	25.2	32.0	31.0	24.8	24.1	30.6
	Import	26.0	25.4	24.0	24.1	28.1	26.2	25.0	24.5	27.0	27.6	28.1	29.0

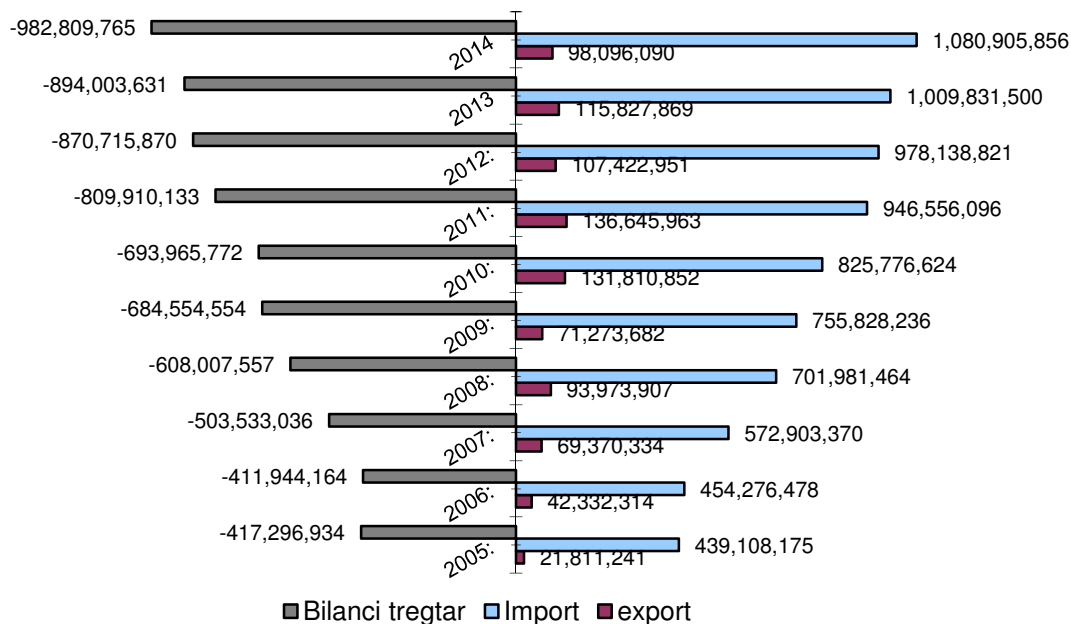
Source: Kosovo Agency of Statistics, calculated by MTI

Statistical data show that Kosovo mainly trades with two groups of countries, namely the countries of the European Union and CEFTA member countries.

Trade with EU countries

In regards to external trade, Kosovo's main trading partners in recent years are EU countries in terms of both imports and exports, or shall we say in the external trade flow. 46% of Kosovo's trade exchanges during '14 was with EU countries. More than 30% of the country's total exports are destined to the EU. Also, imports from EU countries cover the major share of Kosovo's total imports, i.e. 42% (2014).

Figure. 4: Trade Balance with EU countries



Source: Kosovo Agency of Statistics,

The export growth was rapid, therefore in '07 and '08 the export growth marked an high increase in comparison to the previous years, i.e. from €42.3 million in '06 to €69.3 million in '07 and €93.9 million in '08. However, the impact of the financial crisis caused a sudden decline, while exports in the EU did not continue in '09. Regarding imports, the increase year by year was rather steady. Despite some positive indications regarding export performance, Kosovo's negative trade balance with the EU increased steadily, amounting to € 900 million (see Figure 4).

In 2014, the import of goods from EU countries amounted to €1 billion or 42.5% of total imports. Kosovo goods exported to EU countries amounted to €98 million, or 30.2% of total exports, decline of 17% (excluding exports to Croatia in '13).

Table 2: Kosovo exports to EU countries (in '000 euro)

Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
PartnerC										
AUSTRIA	1,017	1,211	2,005	2,072	1,978	5,670	5,711	4,425	6,327	6,416
BELGIUM	19	17	5,587	28,113	5,176	11,455	5,085	473	807	716
BULGARIA	970	13,506	10,005	2,632	2,709	6,765	936	1,829	1,026	3,820
CYPRUS	0	0	0	2,623	117	27	224	0	5,971	1,748
CZECH REPUBLIC	0	356	159	1,127	463	297	168	422	492	2,524
GERMANY	5,965	3,952	16,190	7,205	7,563	15,587	24,144	14,995	10,985	11,339
DENMARK	142	44	94	53	75	44	52	161	74	320
ESTONIA	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	120
SPAIN	0	49	114	196	51	49	57	631	342	824
FINLAND	122	55	167	99	1	10	29	54	11	3
FRANCE	515	232	145	247	639	1,084	1,305	1,852	1,455	1,194
UNITED KINGDOM	72	62	154	173	249	681	1,343	2,194	2,131	1,314
GREECE	5,522	3,914	8,400	10,851	240	222	194	331	791	930
HUNGARY	92	18	112	105	396	29	89	118	233	118
IRELAND	3	20	48	10	3	6	7	0	5	36
ITALY	5,668	12,654	9,672	25,485	46,218	80,193	83,924	71,351	74,363	49,660
LITHUANIA	2	4	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	2,547
LUXEMBOURG	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	35	102
LATVIA	2	8	2	4	10	5	17	5	0	0

MALTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NETHERLANDS	124	1,128	2,413	1,888	1,506	1,017	2,923	1,424	2,382	2,147
POLAND	102	281	121	102	53	150	650	737	3,870	5,782
PORTUGAL	0	2	0	0	0	8	20	301	0	10
ROMANIA	190	224	1,142	42	232	272	987	1,265	442	685
SWEDEN	18	43	8,155	4,389	322	1,116	365	264	615	992
SLOVENIA	1,231	4,515	4,290	6,304	2,882	6,203	6,001	1,417	1,434	620
SLOVAKIA	34	36	395	241	391	920	2,405	3,175	2,037	1,766
CROATIA										2,366
<u>TOTAL EU</u>	<u>21,811</u>	<u>42,332</u>	<u>69,370</u>	<u>93,974</u>	<u>71,274</u>	<u>131,811</u>	<u>136,646</u>	<u>107,423</u>	<u>115,828</u>	<u>98,096</u>

Source: Kosovo Agency of Statistics

The above table shows that Italy and Germany are the main destinations for Kosovo's exports.

Table.3: Kosovo imports from EU countries (in '000 euro)

Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
PartnerC										
AUSTRIA	20,719	23,539	26,842	30,953	38,915	33,126	38,669	34,073	36,858	36,743
BELGIUM	4,646	4,733	6,012	7,223	6,106	6,394	8,656	8,869	9,290	6,677
BULGARIA	37,791	58,498	42,008	53,824	44,500	35,211	50,541	39,125	44,515	47,242
CYPRUS	757	680	570	1,269	1,164	841	948	2,279	603	978
CZECH REPUBLIC	8,710	11,491	11,390	15,365	17,054	20,707	19,323	19,134	16,574	17,902
GERMANY	123,763	122,652	155,031	196,627	246,170	280,617	293,441	304,195	252,594	273,029
DENMARK	1,730	1,806	3,751	6,194	3,418	2,624	3,545	3,016	3,068	3,029
ESTONIA	24	89	92	133	65	22	10	266	163	255
SPAIN	11,741	9,391	9,604	9,351	11,780	15,504	17,914	18,438	21,267	21,837
FINLAND	396	386	923	435	1,346	655	1,401	2,369	980	1,188
FRANCE	19,468	15,834	25,007	37,505	27,167	33,635	34,755	24,077	26,846	29,208
UNITED KINGDOM	7,478	6,378	9,502	12,580	14,153	13,457	17,084	13,630	13,209	13,580
GREECE	44,027	37,614	63,737	81,403	79,108	96,267	103,179	109,188	145,546	137,551

HUNGARY	16,233	20,011	25,537	37,694	27,046	28,950	35,020	27,665	28,236	24,878
IRELAND	1,424	1,661	2,231	2,157	3,254	3,097	2,010	1,979	2,103	2,003
ITALY	49,555	52,461	57,678	74,385	87,972	100,603	159,444	213,469	228,519	202,866
LITHUANIA	257	333	184	185	313	480	742	756	1,357	2,100
LUXEMBOURG	308	127	94	91	202	114	51	89	134	118
LATVIA	169	56	34	133	200	218	189	240	244	217
MALTA	44	7	0	4	23	33	1,393	570	124	74
NETHERLANDS	7,814	6,986	9,711	20,112	30,927	14,876	18,195	21,261	38,831	27,245
POLAND	14,836	13,796	14,067	22,223	24,215	39,876	32,963	30,970	36,595	55,820
PORTUGAL	151	514	173	337	422	1,407	809	788	919	1,244
ROMANIA	7,132	4,443	30,261	6,788	9,494	17,347	19,936	18,717	24,692	27,982
SWEDEN	2,455	2,353	12,387	11,089	9,252	8,286	9,049	8,444	7,734	9,652
SLOVENIA	54,998	56,001	62,420	66,762	66,378	65,738	71,614	68,385	61,314	66,708
SLOVAKIA	2,484	2,434	3,658	7,159	5,185	5,693	5,676	6,149	7,513	7,839
CROATIA										62,945
<u>TOTAL EU - 27</u>	<u>439,108</u>	<u>454,276</u>	<u>572,903</u>	<u>701,981</u>	<u>755,828</u>	<u>825,777</u>	<u>946,556</u>	<u>978,139</u>	<u>1,009,832</u>	<u>1,080,906</u>

Source: Kosovo Agency of Statistics

Table.3 shows Kosovo imports from EU, the situation does not change much. In this light, Kosovo's main trade partners in imports from '05 to '14 still are Italy and Germany. However, the statistical data presented in the table shows that other countries, from which Kosovo imports are Greece and Slovenia. It is also worth noting that from this Table we learn that Kosovo imports, to a certain extent, from all European Union member states except the countries mentioned (with special emphasis on Bulgaria, Austria and France, in comparison to the other countries.)

One can conclude that Kosovo's key import-export trading partners from EU countries' group are Italy and Germany.

Trade with CEFTA countries

Table 4: Kosovo exports to CEFTA countries (in '000 euro)

Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Partner										
ALBANIA	5,785	12,645	20,799	21,113	26,182	30,841	34,566	40,180	43,774	44,016
BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA	3,411	5,126	5,287	5,919	1,206	1,847	612	1,974	2,812	3,807
MOLDOVA,	0	0	0	1	9	12	10	11	4	7
MONTENEGRO	743	2,207	2,913	3,770	3,084	3,920	6,988	16,759	17,310	16,070
MACEDONIA	10,828	9,734	17,385	20,046	17,355	26,308	30,949	26,376	26,139	35,948
SERBIA	8,158	20,910	19,280	9,893	3,504	3,941	7,198	14,968	14,463	27,296
CROATIA	928	1,123	1,837	793	2,151	2,744	2,794	2,359	2,594	
TOTAL CEFTA	29,853	51,745	67,500	61,536	53,491	69,612	83,117	102,627	107,097	127,143

Source: Kosovo Agency of Statistics

The table above shows that Kosovo's exports to CEFTA countries in 2005-2014, by indicating that most attractive partners Kosovo from CEFTA member countries are Albania and Macedonia. On the other hand, Serbia, in 2006 and 2007, has been one of the main partners in terms of exports, however year 2008, shows a significant drop in exports toward Serbia. This change is mainly due to political reasons, given that in 2008, Kosovo declared its independence, and therefore political and economic relations between the two countries worsened further.

Kosovo exports to CEFTA member countries amounted to €127 million, an increase of 21.7%, or 39.1% of total exports of Kosovo.

Whereas, imported goods from CEFTA member countries during 2014, amounted to €720 million, or 28.4% of total imports.

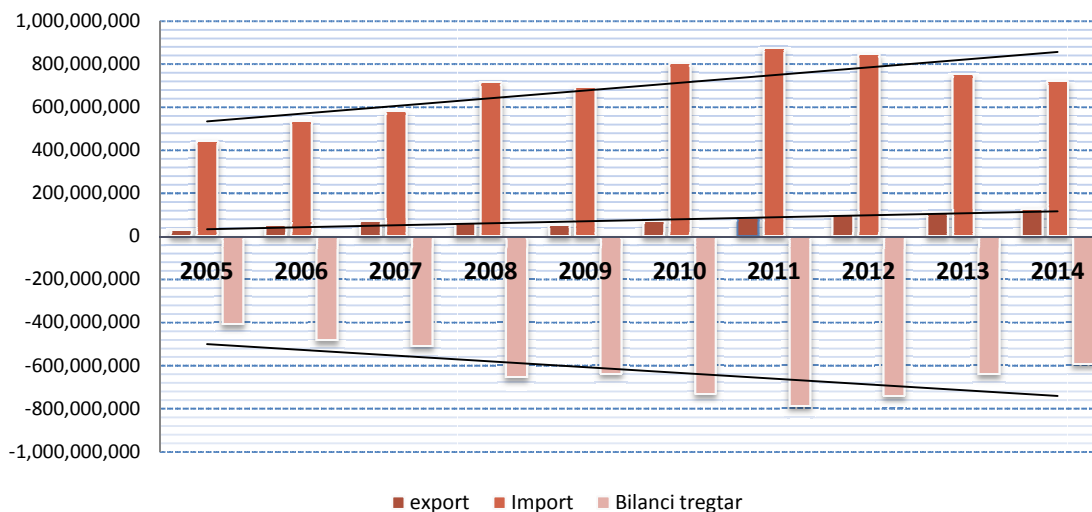
Table 5: Kosovo imports from CEFTA member countries (in '000 euro)

Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Partner										
ALBANIA	18,093	23,108	35,262	59,632	58,385	69,714	96,400	110,528	110,597	133,700
BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA	18,450	18,465	29,838	38,747	59,742	82,986	79,835	85,309	83,531	64,793
MOLDOVA	19	77	30	118	24	50	559	183	430	138
MONTENEGRO	6,411	17,800	15,063	13,789	13,059	11,454	12,232	10,510	11,387	13,848
MACEDONIA,	220,148	257,754	237,895	346,536	292,012	319,313	365,961	287,739	185,020	139,612
SERBIA	152,257	191,053	222,534	208,951	211,133	260,471	254,917	278,388	285,356	368,237
CROATIA	24,975	28,074	38,982	49,985	58,584	58,542	64,063	72,012	73,331	
TOTAL CEFTA	440,352	536,331	579,604	717,759	692,939	802,530	873,967	844,669	749,651	720,328

Source: Kosovo Agency of Statistics

By viewing the imports of Kosovo with CEFTA countries one can see that the main trading partners are Serbia (51% of Kosovo's imports from CEFTA countries only for '14) and Macedonia (with 19.4% of Kosovo's imports from CEFTA countries in '14) followed by Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina. Montenegro is less favorable destination for Kosovo imports.

Therefore, from these two Tables one can see that the most important trade partners of Kosovo (referring to CEFTA member countries) both in terms of exports and imports are Macedonia, Albania and Serbia.

Figure 5: Trade balance with CEFTA countries

Kosovo's trade with other countries

Table.6: Kosovo exports to the rest of the world - the main partners (in '000 euro)

Year/ Place	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Turkey	1,041	1,668	2,660	3,044	6,512	9,357	7,831	11,380	7,393	10,365
Switzerland	681	7,047	12,937	7,380	10,510	17,786	17,611	15,132	7,155	10,038
China	0	0	0	31	1,595	14,779	28,268	3,266	1,290	42,152
India	0	0	3,141	24,089	15,528	44,895	15,482	22,889	28,953	27,425

Source: Kosovo Agency of Statistics

The table above shows Kosovo's exports towards other countries of the world. As a result of the figures presented in the table in terms of export, key trade partners of Kosovo up to 2014 are China, India and Turkey. It is important to note that Turkey and Switzerland have been key trading partners of Kosovo from 2006 until 2008, however India and China, after 2008, became important destination countries for Kosovo's exports. After 2008, India was the most significant trade partner of Kosovo with a considerable increase.

China became the most important trade partner from all four countries listed in the table above (in 2011 Kosovo exports to China amounted to €28.2 million), the situation changed in 2012, exported goods amounted to €3.2 million, i.e. 1.2 mil/€ in 2013, but with an extreme increase €42.1 million in 2014.

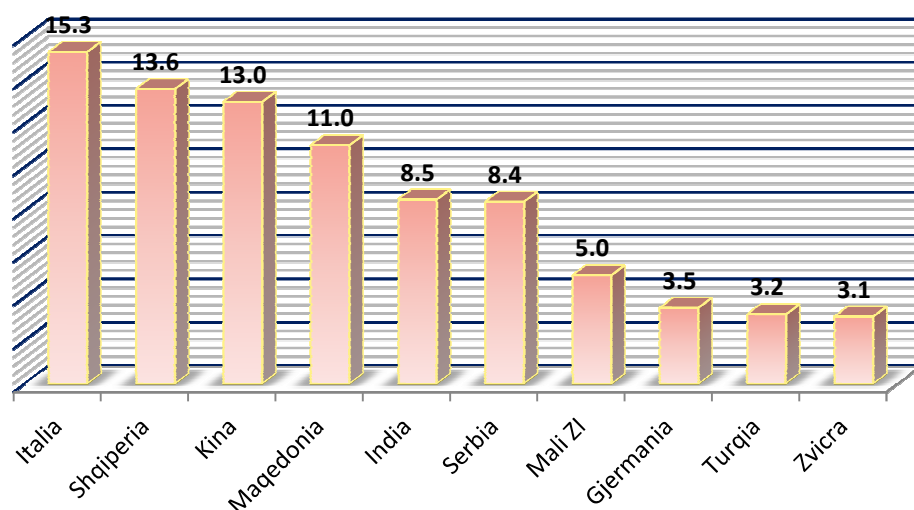
Table.7: Kosovo imports to the rest of the world - the main partners (in '000 euro)

Year/ Place	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Turkey	85,375	97,075	101,827	128,249	141,545	150,360	184,452	199,881	204,922	238,267
Switzerland	18,415	22,800	28,222	32,441	21,949	20,981	22,194	22,664	21,020	30,184
China	54,864	74,655	104,951	121,059	128,318	135,406	170,285	159,904	179,589	204,934
USA	17,693	11,555	14,698	23,610	26,703	35,311	42,847	46,916	52,152	62,713
Brazil	16,840	18,578	30,282	43,499	37,888	27,188	40,925	41,791	45,756	39,546

Source: Kosovo Agency of Statistics

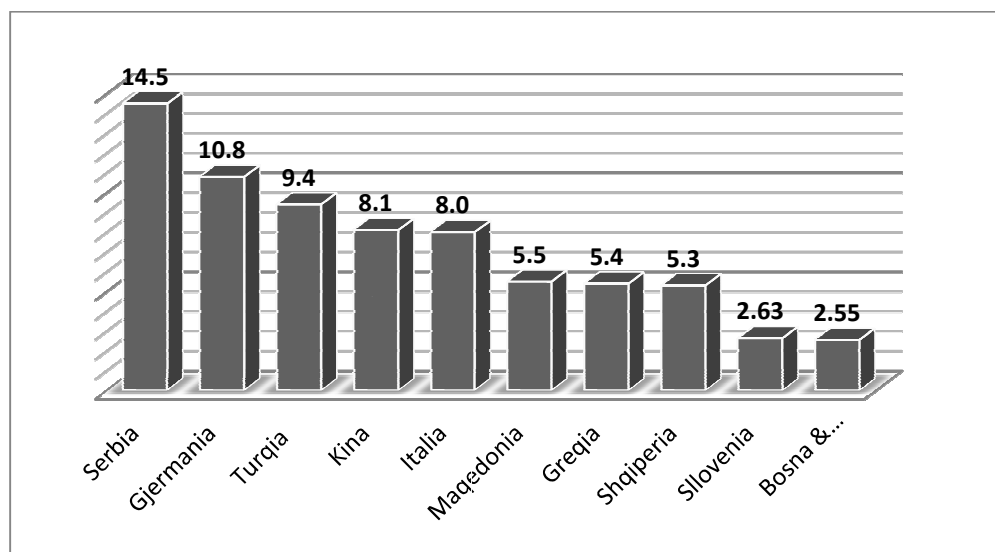
On the other hand, in (table 7) are indicated key partners for imports to Kosovo from the rest of the world. In this regard, from 2005 until 2014, two most important partners to Kosovo's imports are Turkey and China. Turkey in this regard, leads the table (Kosovo imports from Turkey in 2014, amounted to €238 million), followed by China. Other important import trading partners as shown in the table are: United States, Brazil and Switzerland.

Figure.6: Countries with the largest participation in total exports, % (2014)



Note: 84.6% of total exports of Kosovo's goods are destined to countries presented in Figure 6.

The most attractive country for Kosovo's exports remains Italy with 15.3% participation in total exports, followed by Albania 13.6%, than China 13%, and Macedonia 11% etc. It is worth mentioning that in the last three years Montenegro is one of top 10 countries with the highest export of Kosovo goods.

Figure.7: Countries with most participation in total imports, % (2014)

Note: 72% of imported goods are from countries shown in Fig. 7

From the Figure 7, one can see that the main partner in imports for 2014, is Serbia with (14.5% participation in total imports of Kosovo), followed by Germany with (10.8%). Other important trading partners in imports are Turkey, China, Italy, Macedonia, etc., (See Figure 7).

Table.8: Kosovo's main trading partners - exports, imports, trade balance / 2014

Partners	Exports		Imports		Trade balance	
	Value('000 Euro)	participation (%)	Value('000 Euro)	participation (%)	Value('000 Euro)	participation (%)
Trade partners						
EU	98,096	30.2	1,080,906	42.5	-982,810	44.4
CEFTA	127,143	39.1	720,328	28.4	-593,185	26.8
EFTA	10,081	3.1	32,446	1.3	-22,365	1.0
CHINA	42,152	13	204,934	8.1	-162,782	7.4
INDIA	27,425	8.5	9,445	0.4	17,980	-0.8
USA	500	0.2	62,713	2.5	-62,213	2.8
BRAZIL	0	0	39,546	1.6	-39,546	1.8
Other	19,157	5.9	387,914	15.3	-368,757	16.7
Total	324,554	100	2,538,232	100	-2,213,678	100.0

External trade structure

Exports structure

External trades statistical analyze referring to commodity groups or by harmonized system, provide us a clear picture of the export structure which has been:

Food products group - During 2014, in comparison with the previous year, exports in regards to group of agricultural products - livestock and food industry are increased for 12.7% or 12% of total amount of exports. The value of exported goods for this group of products is €39.3 million.

Table.9: Exports by groups of agricultural food products, in 000€

Sections by harmonized system (HS)	2013	2014	Difference	↓↑%, 2014/13
Live animals. animal products	156	309	153	98.4
Vegetable products	15,408	18,550	3,141	20.4
Edible oils	46	19	-26	-57.6
Prepared foodstuffs. beverages and tobacco	19,337	20,494	1,157	6.0

The table above indicates that plant products, prepared foodstuff and beverages are the main category of exported food products, with growing trends, and this growth promises a positive trend.

Thus, by comparing real trade indicators, it results that in food and beverage industry sector, during this year, marked an increase of 6% of the value of exports, compared to 2013 and of plant products 20.4%.

Group of non-food industrial products

Exports of non-food industrial products for 2014, marked an increase 10%, value of industrial non-food composition goods exported during this period amounted to €285 million. Kosovo exports, in this category of goods, continue to have the highest share of exports, including 88 per cent of total exports.

Even during this year exports of unprocessed base metals and mineral products covered 65% of total exports.

However, base metal still remains the main item in Kosovo's exports. Also, although with less impact on exports, the prospect of increasing production in the textile sector and for footwear items is very promising, for more details see Table 13.

Table.10: Top 10 of total exported products (HS-6)

Code of goods	Product	2013	2014	Difference	↑↓%
720260	Ferro-nickel	88,402,350	107,310,570	18,908,220	21.4
720449	Waste and scrap of iron or steel (excl. slag, scale and other waste of the production of iron and steel)	20,084,114	21,735,519	1,651,405	8.2
271600	Electrical energy	21,820,972	16,028,771	-5,792,201	-26.5
260700	Lead ores and concentrates	15,195,630	14,003,805	-1,191,824	-7.8
260800	Zinc ores and concentrates	5,069,753	8,588,826	3,519,073	69.4
740400	Waste and scrap, of copper	10,049,319	8,568,042	-1,481,278	-14.7
551110	Yarn containing >= 85% synthetic staple fibers by weight, put up for retail sale (excl. Sewing thread)	7,580,888	8,168,713	587,826	7.8
760200	Waste and scrap, of aluminum	5,743,752	6,527,196	783,443	13.6

110100	Wheat or muslin flour	8,420,856	6,499,682	-1,921,175	-22.8
730690	Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles 'e.g., open seam, riveted or similarly closed', of iron or steel	3,552,532	5,797,400	2,244,869	63.2

Imports structure

Group of food products – Imported goods included in this group of products participate with 24.3% of total imports in Kosovo, amounting to €616 million, an increase of 5.5%.

Most imported products in the category of agricultural food are: tobacco, water, including natural and carbonated water, meat and edible offal, biscuits, sugar etc.

Group of industrial products - non-food - amounted to €1.922.1 million, or 75.7% participation in total imports, or an increase by 3% in comparison to the previous year.

The most imported special products to Kosovo are: petroleum oils, motor-cars and other means of transport, bars and rods of iron (or non alloy steel), pharmaceuticals, cement powder etc.

Table.11: Top 10 of total imported products (HS – 6)

Code of goods	Product	2013	2014	Difference	↑↓%
271019	Medium oils and preparations, of petroleum or bituminous minerals, not containing biodiesel, n.e.s	270,116,577	255,890,258	-14,226,319	-5.3
240220	Cigarettes, containing tobacco	60,070,906	57,996,491	-2,074,415	-3.5
870332	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport of persons, incl. station wagons and racing cars, with compression-ignition internal combustion piston engine "diesel or semi-diesel engine" of a cylinder capacity > 1.500 c	52,282,037	55,975,317	3,693,280	7.1
721420	Bars and rods, of iron or non-alloy steel, with indentations, ribs, groves or other deformations produced during the rolling process	73,549,563	53,994,659	-19,554,904	-26.6
271600	Electrical energy	28,447,948	45,823,382	17,375,433	61.1
271012	Light oils and preparations, of petroleum or bituminous minerals which >= 90% by volume "	51,547,538	45,362,471	-6,185,067	-12.0
300490	Medicaments products	30,313,958	35,184,811	4,870,853	16.1

220210	Waters, incl. Mineral and aerated, with added sugar, sweetener or flavour, for direct consumption as a beverage	30,744,817	34,518,425	3,773,608	12.3
252329	Portland cement	38,968,762	34,271,143	-4,697,618	-12.1
020714	Frozen cuts and edible offal of fowls of the species Gallus domesticus	33,462,557	33,635,467	172,910	0.5

Table.12: Imports by Sections 2013 – 2014 (in 000€)

Sections by harmonized system (HS)	2013	2014	Difference	↓↑%, 2014/13
Total	2,449,064	2,538,232	89,168	3.6
Live animals. animal products	105,769	115,340	9,571	9.0
Vegetable products	124,349	133,060	8,710	7.0
Edible oils	25,670	24,912	-758	-3.0
Prepared foodstuffs. beverages and tobacco	327,916	342,739	14,823	4.5
Mineral products:	481,288	467,781	-13,507	-2.8
Products of chemical industries:	190,264	195,607	5,344	2.8
Plastics. rubber and articles thereof	148,148	147,861	-287	-0.2
Leather and their articles	4,899	7,249	2,350	48.0
Wood and articles of wood:	52,809	55,112	2,302	4.4
Paper and their articles	38,752	38,786	34	0.1
Textiles and textile articles	87,616	120,236	32,620	37.2
Footwear	23,956	28,952	4,996	20.9
Articl. of stone. plaster. ceramic prod. & glass	96,772	100,279	3,508	3.6
Pearls. precious stones. metals etc	1,956	1,813	-143	-7.3
Base metal and articles of base metal	247,173	227,929	-19,244	-7.8
Machinery. appliances and electric materials	256,816	286,347	29,531	11.5
Transport means	135,482	140,876	5,394	4.0
Optical. medical. photog. musical instr	25,999	29,372	3,373	13.0
Arms and ammunition	1,158	521	-637	-55.0
Miscellaneous manufactured articles	70,312	70,465	153	0.2
Works of art	1,959	2,993	1,034	52.8

Table.13: Exports by Sections 2013 – 2014 (in 000€)

Sections according to the harmonized system (HS)	2013	2014	Difference	↓↑%, 2014/13
Total	293,842	324,554	30,711	10.5
Live animals. animal products	156	309	153	98.4
Vegetable products	15,408	18,550	3,141	20.4
Edible oils	46	19	-26	-57.6
Prepared foodstuffs. beverages and tobacco	19,337	20,494	1,157	6.0
Mineral products:	48,352	44,704	-3,647	-7.5
Products of chemical industries:	1,739	2,608	869	50.0
Plastics. rubber and articles thereof	18,205	16,274	-1,931	-10.6
Leather and their articles	11,691	11,365	-326	-2.8
Wood and articles of wood:	2,134	2,720	586	27.4
Paper and their articles	1,751	2,494	742	42.4
Textiles and textile articles	12,751	14,690	1,940	15.2
Footwear	651	1,777	1,127	173.2
Articl. of stone. plaster. ceramic prod. & glass	1,195	2,927	1,732	145.0
Pearls. precious stones. metals etc	113	10	-103	-91.3
Base metal and articles of base metal	143,911	167,376	23,465	16.3
Machinery. appliances and electric materials	12,590	13,380	791	6.3
Transport means	512	941	429	83.7
Optical. medical. photog. musical instr	562	299	-263	-46.8
Arms and ammunition	0	0	0	#DIV/0!
Miscellaneous manufactured articles	2,613	3,559	946	36.2
Works of art	127	58	-69	-54.3